Total Carbon Analysis from Intact Soil Cores with Laser-Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy

Michael H. Ebinger David D. Breshears David A. Cremers Clifton W. Meyer Kelly L. Goddard Pat J. Unkefer

Los Alamos National Laboratory

NETL Carbon Conference May 6-8, 2003

Measurements for Carbon Inventories

Are there new methods for accurate, rapid carbon measurements?

- Carbon concentrations with accuracy and precision equal to or better than current methods
- Data in minutes rather than days, weeks, or months
- Measurements while in the field
- Different scales: plots to landscapes
- Adequate sampling at reasonable cost



Laser-Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy (LIBS)

- Field portable
- Works with soil cores and discrete samples
- Rapid total carbon analysis (minutes)
- Inexpensive to operate





Carbon Distribution at Different Scales

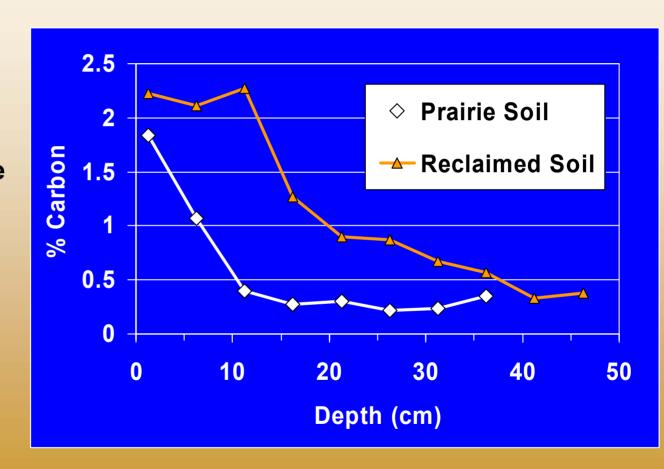
- Sample plots or landscapes?
- How many samples are representative?
- How much sampling is affordable?





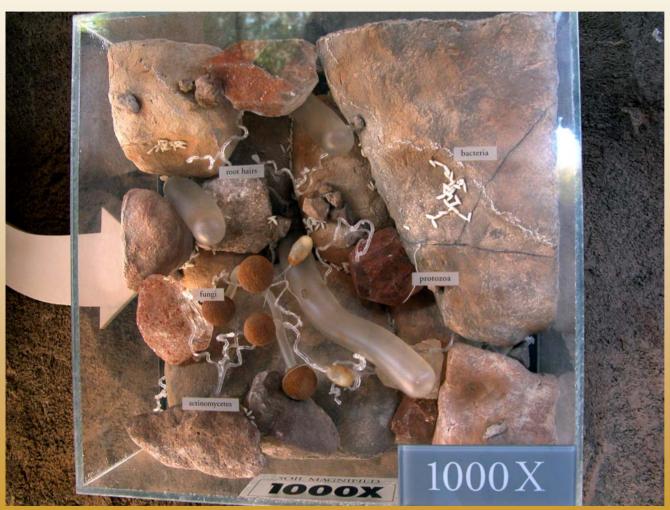
Spatial Variation of Carbon in Soil

- Prairie soil core, 40 cm depth
- Reclaimed soil core 48 cm depth (similar soil type)
- Concentration data at 5 cm intervals
- Dry combustion analysis





Soil Heterogeneity



- Scale model of a soil at 1000X mag.
- Carbon distributed discretely, but throughout the matrix
- Homogeneous?



One Solution: LIBS Analysis of Intact Core

- Analysis of soil core
 1mm at a time
- C concentration data at 1mm to 1 cm resolution
- Entire core analyzed in ~30 minutes



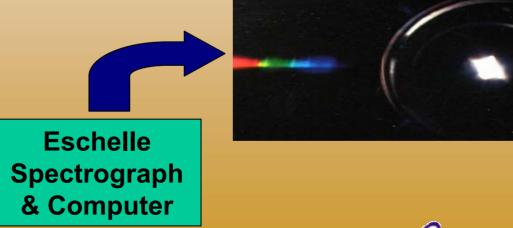
LIBS: Schematic Overview



1mm Laser Spark on Soil



- Nd:YAG Laser at 1086 nm
- Pulsed at 10Hz
- 1mm spot size

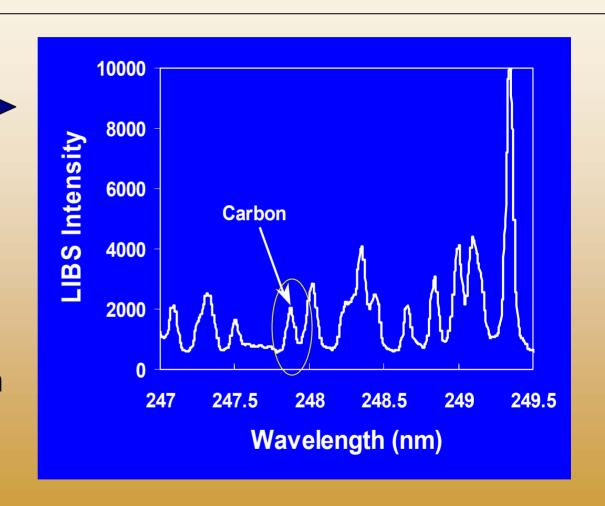


Spectrum from Plasma



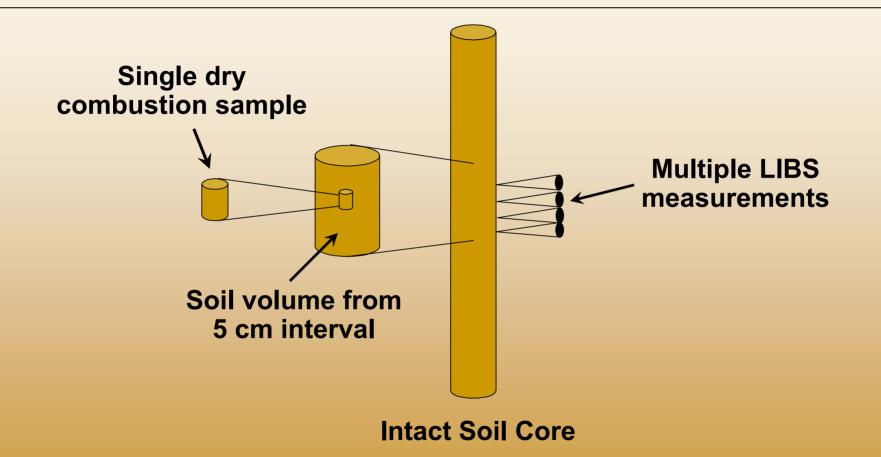
LIBS Spectrum (Partial)

- Carbon line: 247.89 nm
- Increased intensity = increased carbon
- Can detect other elements: H to U



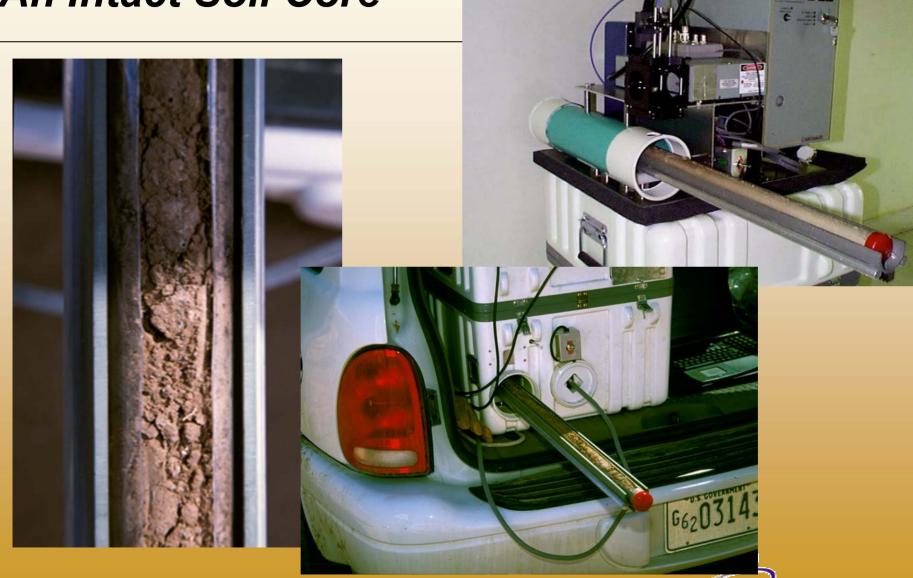


Dry Combustion vs. LIBS



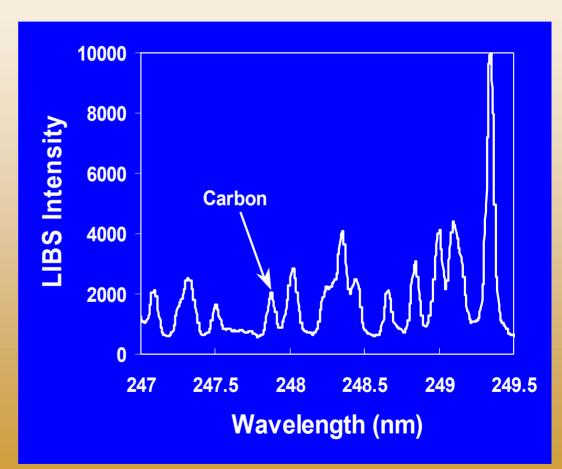


An Intact Soil Core



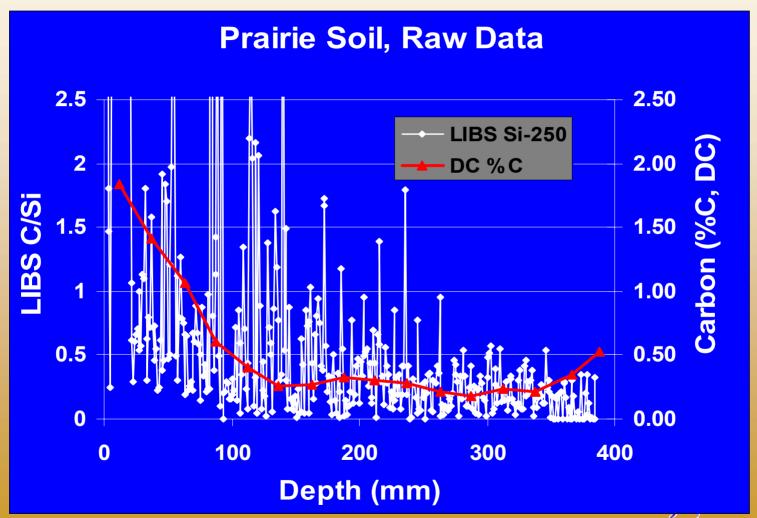
LIBS Core Measurements

- C/Si Ratio for each 1mm or 1 cm step
- Plot with depth in profile
- Combine LIBS data to specific intervals



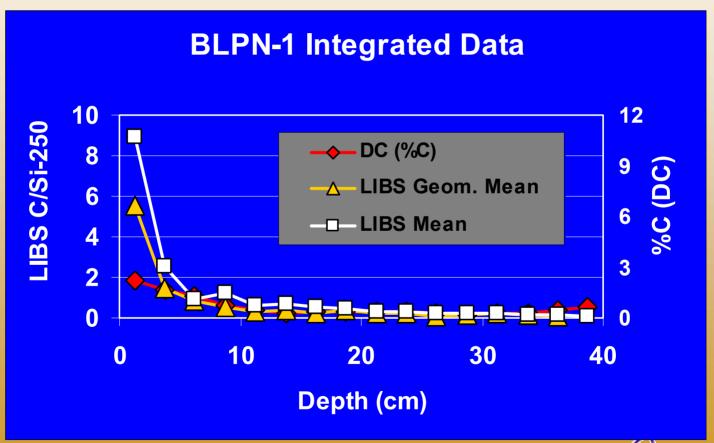


LIBS Data from Intact Soil Core



LIBS Data from Intact Soil Core

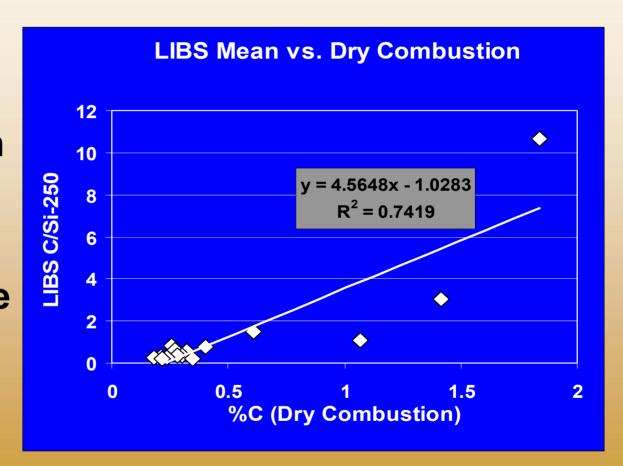
Each LIBS point is 12 to 20 measurements





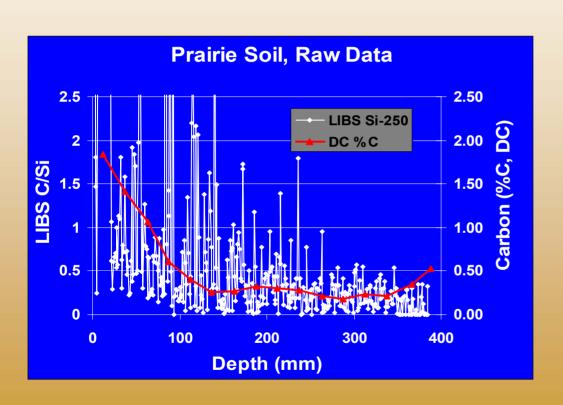
LIBS-Dry Combustion Correlation

- LIBS mean intensity correlates with C/Si ratio
- Deviation at high C: change of soil matrix (Si, bulk density)





LIBS Benefits



- About 40 minutes to collect LIBS data; 10 minutes to collect and prepare core; all in-field
- About 1 week to collect, prepare and analyze DC samples and data in lab
- Uses spatial variation of carbon and includes soil heterogeneity



New Methods of Carbon Measurements?

Does LIBS method provide accurate, rapid carbon measurements?

- Carbon concentrations with accuracy and precision equal to or better than current methods
- Data in minutes rather than days, weeks, or months
- Measurements while in the field
- Different scales: plots to landscapes
- Adequate sampling at reasonable cost

